

Fristam Powder Mixer

The Fristam Powder Mixer is used to dissolve or suspend powdery or liquid ingredients (e.g. sugar, milk powder, cocoa powder, thickeners, oils and liquid flavourings etc.) in a receiver tank.



Function Principle

The powder mixer consists of two main components:

- 1. A self-priming centrifugal pump from the Fristam FZ range.
- 2. The Fristam shear pump from the FSPE 35 range which acts as an inline rotary homogenizer.

The self-priming centrifugal pump draws the basic fluid out of the receiver tank and transfers through a short pipe into the shear pump. When the self-priming centrifugal pump is throttled on the suction side by a butterfly valve, a strong vacuum (up to approx. 0.5 bar) is generated between the pump and the butterfly valve. The feed hopper is located at this point for product intake.

The vacuum draws in the powder or liquid directly into the fluid flow. This unhomogenised mixture is first transferred to the self-priming centrifugal pump where the initial mixing takes place. The premix is then pumped to the shear pump where any remaining lumps are completely eliminated by high turbulence action at peripheral speeds of up to 30 m/s.



SIZES

| | Powder Mixer * | | | | | Standard Connection | Approx. Weight |
|------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------|
| | Self-priming Centrifugal Pump | Power Con- sumption (kW) | Shear Pump | Power Con- sumption (kW) | Width Height Depth (mm) | DIN 11851 Inlet Outlet | (kg) |
| PM01 | FZ 15 PM | 2.0 - 4.0 | FSPE 712 D | 3.0 - 5.5 | 800 990 1200 | DN40 DN40 | 250 |
| PM02 | FZ 17 PM | 4.0 - 5.5 | FSPE 3522 D 4.0 800 - 990 DN50 11.0 1700 DN50 | | 300 | | |
| PM03 | FZ 20 PM | 5.5 - 11.0 | FSPE 3532 D | 7.5 - 18.5 | 800 990 1700 | DN50 DN50 | 350 |
| PM04 | FZ 22 PM | 11.0 - 15.0 | FSPE 3542 D | 15.0 | 1050 1000 2010 | DN65 DN65 | 450 |
| PM05 | FZ 25 PM | 15.0 - 18.5 | FSPE 3552 D | 22.0 - 45.0 | 1050 1000 2010 | DN80 DN80 | 620 |

*) Other combinations possible depending on the application

EQUIPMENT OPTIONS

| Powder mixer: | Fixed unit on height-adjustable machine feet or mobile unit on 4 rollers (2 fixed, 2 swivelling) |
|------------------|---|
| Control cabinet: | With/without control cabinet, stainless steel, enclosure IP55/IP65 Current consumption up to 63 A, optionally with/without cabling |
| Hopper: | With 500 mm diameter, $H = 470$ mm, approx. 35 I capacity With 700 mm diameter, $H = 470$ mm, approx. 66 I capacity |
| | With/without vibration motor 400 V~, 45 W With/without filter screen |
| Piping: | Stainless steel 1.4404, 1.4571, |
| Connections: | Thread: DIN 11851, DIN 11864, RJT, SMS, |
| | Flanges: DIN, ANSI, Clamps: Tri-clamp, ISO-clamp, |
| Pumps: | With/without shroud |
| Seals: | Mechanical seal, single/double flushed Elastomer: VMQ, NBR, FKM, PTFE/KALREZ, FEP |
| Drives: | PTC-resistor, separate fan, frequency converter, explosion-proof |



CONNECTION OF THE POWDER MIXER TO A RECEIVER TANK

HYDRAULIC CONNECTION

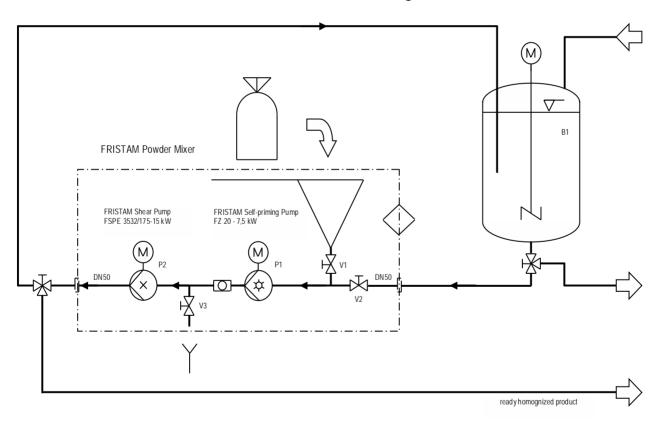
The hydraulic connection will be installed according to machine size; project specifications, customer requirements etc. (see order confirmation).

Suction side:

We recommend that a feed/break tank is used to allow the liquid to free flow into the powder mixing system to avoid excessive inlet pressures. The hydrostatic pressure should be between approx. 0.05 - 0.5 bar (0.5 - 5.0 m static height). Uncontrolled pumps should not be used to feed the suction of the powder mixer, as this will disrupt the suction capability of the system and could force liquid up into the funnel.

Discharge side:

Back pressure from the discharge side of the powder mixer back to the feed tank must be kept as low as possible. For this reason the pipe I.D. has to be as large as possible and the length of the return pipe as short as possible. It is very important to minimize the amount of valves, fittings, strainers and other restrictions in the pipe to limit the back pressure. Equipment such as heat exchangers should be strictly avoided unless an alternative solution has been agreed.





ELECTRICAL CONNECTION OF POWDER MIXER:

Electrical connection: 1 x 400 V, 32 A or 63 A, CEE-plug acc.to DIN 49 462/63, depends on the execution.

Interpoles are only approved for 32 A CEE-plugs.

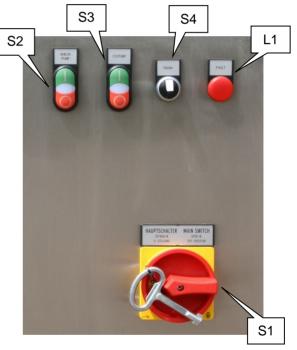
In general a plug-in connection is used – a plug socket with switch and 63A fuse is required.

The motors are poled at the connection to the control cabinet so that they will rotate correctly with a right-handed phase sequence.

The VDE (or locally recognised) regulations must always be observed.

CONTROL SWITCHES:

- S1 Main switch (ON/OFF)
- S2 Switch FZ/PUMP (ON/OFF) Start/Stop of FZ pump. The switch will light up during Operation.
- S3 Switch Shearpump (ON/OFF) Start/Stop of FSPE pump. The switch will light up during Operation.
- S4 Switch Vibrator (ON/OFF) Vibrator drive on the funnel. On activation the Vibrator runs in a defined, (adjustable) cycle time (i.e. 8 s on/8 s off)
- L1 Light "FAULT" Indicates fault condition





PERFORMANCE DATA

rough Guideline

| Powder Mixer | | Selfpriming pump | | Rotary Homogenisator, "Shearpump" | | crystal sugar | | | thickener (i.e. arabic gum, pectin, depend- ing on product concentration!) | | |
|---------------|------------------------|------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------|---|------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| | | | Power | | Power | max. powder incor- poration rate, w. funnel | piping diam. recommen- | Funnel outlet diam. recommen- | max. powder incorporation rate w. funnel * | Piping diam. recommen- | Funnel outlet diam. recommen- |
| el. operation | | | 1450 rpm, 50 Hz | | 2950 rpm 50 Hz | product: sugar* | ded | ded | | ded | ded |
| Туре | Pump combination | Type ** | kW | Type ** | kW | kg/h | mm | mm | kg/h | mm | mm |
| PM01 | FZ 15 PM + FSPE 712 D | FZ 15 PM | 3,0 - 4,0 | FSPE 712 D | 3,0 - 5,5* | 500 | 40 | 50 | 100 - 200 | 40 | 40 |
| PM02 | FZ 17 PM + FSPE 3522 D | FZ 17 PM | 5,5 - 7,5 | FSPE 3522 D | 7,5 - 11,0* | 1800 | 50 | 65 | 300 - 500 | 50 | 50 |
| PM03 | FZ 20 PM + FSPE 3532 D | FZ 20 PM | 7,5 - 11,0 | FSPE 3532 D | 11,0 - 22,0* | 3500 | 50 - 65 | 65 | 600 - 1200 | 50 - 65 | 50 |
| PM04 | FZ 22 PM + FSPE 3542 D | FZ 22 PM | 11,0 - 15,0 | FSPE 3542 D | 22,0 - 37,0* | 5000 | 65 - 80 | 80 | 1200 - 2000 | 65 - 80 | 65 |
| PM05 | FZ 25 PM + FSPE 3552 D | FZ 25 PM | 15,0 - 18,5 | FSPE 3552 D | 37,0 - 45,0* | 10000 | 100 - 125 | 100 | 1500 - 3000 | 100 - 125 | 100 |

*) : dependening on concentration and end viscosity

**): depending on application, variing pump model and power is possible

Note: The viscosity in the feeding process is much higher than the end viscosity of the product (partially over concentration in the tube after the funnel). Sugar can require a higher motor powder (additional friction causes by sugar crystals).